#### § 880.2900

# §880.2900 Clinical color change thermometer.

- (a) Identification. A clinical color change thermometer is a disposable device used to measure a patient's oral, rectal, or axillary (armpit) body temperature. The device records body temperature by use of heat sensitive chemicals which are sealed at the end of a plastic or metal strip. Body heat causes a stable color change in the heat sensitive chemicals.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter, subject to the limitations in §880.9.
- [45 FR 69682-69737, Oct. 21, 1980, as amended at 61 FR 1123, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38804, July 25, 2001]

### § 880.2910 Clinical electronic thermometer.

- (a) *Identification*. A clinical electronic thermometer is a device used to measure the body temperature of a patient by means of a transducer coupled with an electronic signal amplification, conditioning, and display unit. The transducer may be in a detachable probe with or without a disposable cover.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

# §880,2920 Clinical mercury thermometer.

- (a) *Identification*. A clinical mercury thermometer is a device used to measure oral, rectal, or axillary (armpit) body temperature using the thermal expansion of mercury.
- (b) Classification. Class II (special controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §880.9.
- $[45~\mathrm{FR}~69682\text{-}69737,~\mathrm{Oct.}~21,~1980,~\mathrm{as}~\mathrm{amended}$  at  $63~\mathrm{FR}~59228,~\mathrm{Nov.}~3,~1998]$

#### § 880.2930 Apgar timer.

- (a) *Identification*. The Apgar timer is a device intended to alert a health care provider to take the Apgar score of a newborn infant.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter

subject to the limitations in §880.9. The device is also exempt from the current good manufacturing practice requirements in part 820 of this chapter, with the exception of §820.180 of this chapter, with respect to general requirements concerning records, and §820.198 of this chapter, with respect to complaint files.

[63 FR 59718, Nov. 5, 1998]

#### Subparts D-E [Reserved]

# Subpart F—General Hospital and Personal Use Therapeutic Devices

#### § 880.5025 I.V. container.

- (a) *Identification*. An I.V. container is a container made of plastic or glass used to hold a fluid mixture to be administered to a patient through an intravascular administration set.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

## § 880.5045 Medical recirculating air cleaner.

- (a) *Identification*. A medical recirculating air cleaner is a device used to remove particles from the air for medical purposes. The device may function by electrostatic precipitation or filtration.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

#### §880.5075 Elastic bandage.

- (a) *Identification*. An elastic bandage is a device consisting of either a long flat strip or a tube of elasticized material that is used to support and compress a part of a patient's body.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter, subject to the limitations in §880.9. The device also is exempt from the current good manufacturing practice regulations in part 820 of this chapter, with the exception of §820.180, with respect to general requirements concerning records, and §820.198, with respect to complaint files.
- $[45~{\rm FR}~69682{-}69737,~{\rm Oct.}~21,~1980,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}$  at  $66~{\rm FR}~38804,~{\rm July}~25,~2001]$